Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830. - United Kingdom (UK)

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

**Toplac Rescue Orange** 

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

: Toplac Rescue Orange

Product name Product code

: YKA265

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

	0
Identified uses Consumer application of coatings Professional application of coatings and inks	
All Other Uses	

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

International Paint Ltd. Stoneygate Lane Felling Gateshead Tyne and Wear NE10 0JY UK Tel: +44 (0)191 469 6111	Fax: +44 (0)191 438 3711
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: sdsfellinguk@akzonobel.com

National contact

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre (For use only by licensed medical professionals.)

Telephone number	: +44 (0)844 892 0111
<u>Supplier</u>	
Telephone number	: +44 (0)191 469 6111 (24H)

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

### 2.2 Label elements



# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Flammable liquid and vapour.</li> <li>May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.</li> <li>Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
General	: Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Prevention	: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapour.
Response	: Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediated all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.
Storage	: Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	: Hydrocarbons, C9-C12
Supplemental label elements	: Contains 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction. Repeated exposur may cause skin dryness or cracking.
	Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Not applicable.

2.3 Other	hazards
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Other hazards which do : None known. not result in classification

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	% by weight	<u>Classification</u> Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Nota (s)	Туре
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	REACH #: 01-2119486659-16 EC: 265-150-3 CAS: 64742-48-9 Index: 649-327-00-6	≥25 - ≤50	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066	Ρ	[1] [2]
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12	REACH #: 01-2119458049-33 EC: 919-446-0 CAS: 1174921-79-9	≤5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 1, H372 (central nervous system (CNS)) (inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	Ρ	[1] [2]

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

≤0.3	Acute Tox. 4, H312	-	[1]
	Carc. 2, H351		
	See Section 16 for the		
	full text of the H statements declared		
		Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 2, H351 See Section 16 for the full text of the H	Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 2, H351 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared

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There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Туре

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

	Nota
	(s)
SECTION 4: First aid measures	

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

+. I Description of mist ald m	
General	: In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
Eye contact	<ul> <li>Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects	<u>s</u>	
Eye contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	:	Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
Skin contact	:	Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/sympto	on	<u>15</u>
Eye contact	:	No specific data.
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo muscle weakness unconsciousness

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# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking
Ingestion	: No specific data.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	<ul> <li>In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture	:	Flammable liquid and vapour. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds
5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

• • •		
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary an entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt materia No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate res inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective	d unprotected personnel from I. Shut off all ignition sources. breathing vapour or mist. pirator when ventilation is
For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spi information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable r information in "For non-emergency personnel".	<b>3</b>
6.2 Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and conta and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the pro- pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water poll to the environment if released in large quantities.	oduct has caused environmental
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### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7.3 Specific end use(s)	
Recommendations	: Not available.
Industrial sector specific solutions	: Not available.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

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#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Product/ingredient name		Exposure limit values		
Naphtha (petroleum), hydro	treated heavy	EU OEL (Europe).		
	-	TWA: 1200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.		
		TWA: 197 ppm 8 hours.		
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12		80/1107/EEC (Europe).		
		TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.		
		TWA: 500 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.		
Recommended monitoring procedures	atmosphere or of the ventilation protective equip the following: E the assessmen limit values and atmospheres - of exposure to of (Workplace atm for the measure	contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiven on or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respirato pment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance at of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison wit d measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workpla Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessme chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 mospheres - General requirements for the performance of proced ement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also	ry for th ace ent ures	
<b>DNELs/DMELs</b> No DNELs/DMELs availab				
PNECs				
No PNECs available				
2 Exposure controls				
Appropriate engineering	• Use only with a	adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust		
controls	ventilation or o contaminants t controls also n	below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower s. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.		
ndividual protection meas	•			
Hygiene measures	before eating, s Appropriate teo Wash contami	forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working per chniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated cloth inated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and s are close to the workstation location.	hing	
Eye/face protection	assessment in gases or dusts	ar complying with an approved standard should be used when a rist idicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mis s. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, sessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses w	sts,	
Skin protection				
Hand protection	against chemic gloves. When protection class 374) is recomm protection class according to El	resistant gloves classified under Standard EN 374: Protective glo cals and micro-organisms. Recommended: Viton® or Nitrile prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with s of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to mended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a s of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes N 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choi e selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and ta	n a EN ice	
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# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

	to account the particular conditions of use, as included in the use assessment. NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a parti and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account a porkplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals whice andled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, otection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as to pecifications provided by the glove supplier. Barrier creams may e exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once expo- scurred.	cular application I relevant th may be thermal he instructions/ help to protect
Body protection	ersonal protective equipment for the body should be selected base ing performed and the risks involved and should be approved by fore handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from ear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from scharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and g uropean Standard EN 1149 for further information on material an quirements and test methods.	v a specialist static electricity, n static loves. Refer to
Other skin protection	opropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures elected based on the task being performed and the risks involved oproved by a specialist before handling this product.	
Respiratory protection	se a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying wandard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respiratiust be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazar and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.	or selection
Environmental exposure controls	nissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be c sure they comply with the requirements of environmental protect some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modification guipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable level	tion legislation. s to the process

X.International.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	ıa	nd chemical properties
Physical state	:	Liquid.
Colour		Orange.
Odour		Solvent.
Odour threshold	:	Not available.
рН	:	Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point		Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	Lowest known value: 155 to 217°C (311 to 422.6°F)(Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy).
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 42°C
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	:	Greatest known range: Lower: 1.4% Upper: 7.6% (Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy)
Vapour pressure	:	Not available.
Vapour density	:	Not available.
Relative density	:	0.97
Solubility(ies)	:	Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	:	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (room temperature): 311 mm <sup>2</sup> /s
Explosive properties	:	Not available.
Oxidising properties	:	Not available.
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# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.2 Other information

No additional information.

<b>SECTION 10: Stabilit</b>	y and reactivity
10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	LD50 Oral	Rat	6000 mg/kg	-
2-butanone oxime	LD50 Dermal	Rat	1001 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
2-butanone oxime	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 microliters	-
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Sensitisation					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
<u>Mutagenicity</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Carcinogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Reproductive toxicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
<u>Teratogenicity</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Specific target organ toxicit	<u>ty (single exposure)</u>				
Product/ingredient name		Category	_	ute of	Farget organs

		exposure	i al got ol gallo
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)





# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12	Category 1	Inhalation	central nervous system (CNS)

#### Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

# Information on likely routes : Not available. of exposure

<b>Potential</b>	acute	health	<u>effects</u>

Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact Inhalation	<ul> <li>No specific data.</li> <li>Adverse symptoms may include the following: headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo muscle weakness unconsciousness</li> </ul>
Skin contact Ingestion	<ul> <li>Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking</li> <li>No specific data.</li> </ul>

#### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure		-	-
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.	
Long term exposure			
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.	
Potential chronic health effe	ect	<u>s</u>	
Not available.			
Conclusion/Summary	:	Not available.	
General	:	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to dermatitis.	
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Teratogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Developmental effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Fertility effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Date of issue/Date of revision		: 07/04/2017	AkzoNobel
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## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### **Other information** : Not available.

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
2-butanone oxime	Acute LC50 843000 to 914000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.		

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
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Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12	-	-	Not readily

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	-	10 to 2500	high
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12 2-butanone oxime		10 to 2500 5.011872336	high Iow

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT	and vPvB assessment
РВТ	: Not applicable.

vPvB : Not applicable.

**12.6 Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

<u>Product</u>	
Methods of disposal	<ul> <li>The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.</li> </ul>
Hazardous waste	: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

#### European waste catalogue (EWC)

	Code number	Waste designation
	EWC 08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances
P	ackaging	



# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

Methods of disposal	<ul> <li>Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.</li> </ul>
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	111		111
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	Special provisions 640 (E) <u>Tunnel code</u> (D/E)	-	-

**IMDG Code Segregation** : Not applicable. group

14.6 Special precautions for	:	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are
user		upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in
		the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk	: Not available.
according to Annex II of	
Marpol and the IBC Code	

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

#### Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

#### Annex XIV

#### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.



# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

<u> </u>	····,
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	s : Not applicable.
Other EU regulations	
Europe inventory	: Not determined.
Special packaging require	ements
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	: Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger : Yes, applicable.

Product/ingredient name	Carcinogenic effects	Mutagenic effects	Developmental effects	Fertility effects
2-butanone oxime	Carc. 2, H351	-	-	-

#### Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

#### Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

#### **National regulations**

- References
- : Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II and Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)

**X**International.

**15.2 Chemical safety** 

: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

assessment

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
acronyms	CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.
	1272/2008]
	DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
	DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
	EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
	PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
	PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
	RRN = REACH Registration Number
	vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification		Justification	
Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412		On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method	
Full text of abbreviated H statements	: H226 H304 H312 H317 H318 H336 H351 H372 (central nervous system (CNS)) (inhalation)	Flammable liquid and vapour. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Harmful in contact with skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled. (central nervous system (CNS))	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 07/04/2017	AkzoNobel	

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

	H373 H411 H412	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Full text of classifications : [CLP/GHS]	Acute Tox. 4, H312 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Carc. 2, H351 EUH066 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT RE 1, H372 (central nervous system (CNS)) (inhalation) STOT RE 2, H373 STOT SE 3, H336	ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (central nervous system (CNS)) (inhalation) - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
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Notice to reader		

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Persons using the information must make their own determinations as to the suitability of the relevant product for their purposes prior to use. Where those purposes are other than as specifically recommended in this safety data sheet, then the user uses the product at their own risk.

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